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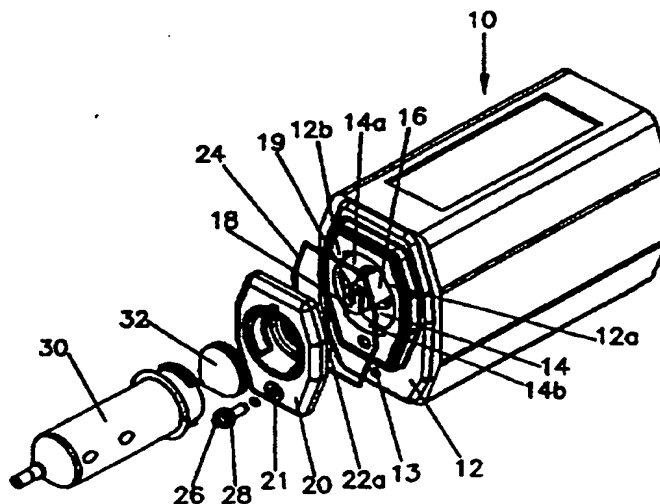
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(21) International Application Number: PCT/US97/05014 (22) International Filing Date: 27 March 1997 (27.03.97) (30) Priority Data: 60/014,472 29 March 1996 (29.03.96) US (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): MEDRAD, INC. [US/US]; One Medrad Drive, Indianola, PA 15051 (US). (71)(72) Applicants and Inventors: SPOHN, Michael, A. [US/US]; 112 Pine Ridge Lane, Butler, PA 16001 (US). ASHCRAFT, Robert, J., Jr. [US/US]; 704 Three Degree Road, Butler, PA 16001 (US). BOWSER, Craig, John [US/US]; R.D. #2, Box 11, Ford City, PA 16226 (US). PAVLIK, P., Eric [US/US]; R.D. #2, Box 303D, Spruce Hollow Road, Vandergrift, PA 15690 (US). YARZEBINSKI, Albert, John [US/US]; 211 Indiana Drive, Glenshaw, PA 15116 (US). (74) Agents: STUBENVOLL, Gretchen, Platt; Medrad, Inc., One Medrad Drive, Indianola, PA 15051 (US) et al.		(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, ARIPO patent (GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published With international search report.	

(54) Title: FRONT-LOADING SYRINGE ADAPTER FOR FRONT-LOADING MEDICAL INJECTOR



(57) Abstract

The present syringe adapter (100), which permits use of syringes (40) of various types, sizes and configurations to be used with a front-loading injector (10), includes a removable injector face plate (120) having a releasable mounting mechanism (122a, 122b) for attaching the adapter face plate (120) to a front-load injector (10), a reducing sleeve (140) having a recess (190) for receiving the distal flange (44) of syringe (40), locking pivot arms (220, 240) pivotally attached to the reducing sleeve (140) to releasably engage syringe flange (44), and a piston extension (320) provided for extending the injector drive piston (16) for engagement with syringe plunger (46).

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DESCRIPTIONFRONT-LOADING SYRINGE ADAPTER
FOR FRONT-LOADING MEDICAL INJECTOR5 TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to adapters for releasably attaching and removing syringes to medical injectors, and more particularly to adapters for releasably attaching and removing syringes of various types and sizes to front-loading injectors.

10 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Medical injectors and syringes containing fluid, such as contrast media, are commonly used to inject fluid into a patient in a wide variety of diagnostic imaging procedures. Injectors of the front-loading type are often used in such procedures. U.S. Patent No. 5,383,858, assigned to the assignee of the present invention and fully incorporated herein by reference, provides a detailed description of injectors of the front-loading type and corresponding syringe designs. One advantage of the front-loading injector of U.S. Patent No. 5,383,858 is that a syringe can readily be loaded onto and removed from the injector head without the need to disconnect the fluid path from the syringe to the patient. Another advantage of the front-loading injector of U.S. Patent No. 5,383,858 is that the drive means of the injector head may be disengaged and retracted from the syringe plunger without retracting the syringe plunger, thus substantially reducing the risk of withdrawing fluid from the patient after completion of the diagnostic procedure. This feature is also taught in U.S. Patent No. 4,677,980, assigned to the assignee of the present invention and fully incorporated herein by reference.

As discussed in U.S. Patent No. 5,383,858, a syringe used with a front-loading injector requires a specially designed readily releasable mounting mechanism for securing the syringe to the front wall of the injector head and a specially designed readily releasable mounting mechanism for securing the syringe plunger to the piston head of the injector. These required mounting mechanisms oftentimes increase the cost of the syringes and prohibit the use of syringes of other various types, sizes and configurations with front-loading injectors. Thus, it is desirable to design adapters for use with syringes of various types, sizes and configurations to permit use of these syringes with front-loading injectors.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The syringe adapters of the present invention permit use of syringes of various types, sizes and configurations to be used with front-loading injectors, particularly front-loading injectors with or without a removable injector face plate.

5 In one embodiment of the invention, for use with a front-loading injector having a removable injector face plate, the adapter includes an adapter face plate having a readily releasable mounting mechanism for attaching the adapter face plate to the front wall of the injector head after the injector face plate is removed. A removable pin insertable into the adapter face plate and the front wall of the injector head is provided to prohibit the adapter face
10 plate from rotating with respect to front wall of the injector head.

The adapter further includes a reducing sleeve formed of a reducing base and reducing edge connected to the proximal surface of the reducing base. The edge and base cooperate to form a recess for receiving the syringe distal flange. The adapter further includes a syringe attachment mechanism, for example, locking pivot arms pivotly attached to the proximal
15 surface of the edge. The reducing edge is preferably made from a material having a low coefficient of friction to permit easy and smooth movement of locking pivot arms.

In one embodiment, locking pivot arms are connected by a gear link which permits simultaneous movement of the arms when only one arm is grasped by the operator to move the arms into an opened or closed position. The inside surface of each pivot arm includes first
20 beveled surfaces to permit reception of the syringe flange when pivot arms are in an open position, and second beveled surfaces to engage the distal end of the syringe body when the pivot arms are in a closed position. Pivot arm ends opposite pivot points are cammed to engage and lock around lock point extending from the reducing edge.

The adapter further includes a piston extension to extend the injector drive piston for
25 engagement with the syringe plunger. The piston extension includes means for attaching the extension to the syringe plunger and means for attaching the extension to the injector drive piston. Piston extensions of various diameters and lengths are used to permit use of syringes having various inner diameters and plunger locations.

In another embodiment of the invention, for use with a front-loading injector without a
30 removable face plate, the adapter includes an adapter base from which a readily releasable mounting mechanism extends to permit the attachment to and removal of the adapter from the

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opening in the front wall of the injector head. All of the other adapter elements previously described may be included in this embodiment.

For injectors with or without removable face plates, the adapter used may also include signal generating means and the injector may include corresponding sensors which cooperate
5 with one another to indicate to the injector that the adapter is properly attached and to automatically calibrate the injector to adjust, for example, flow rate and pressure.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is an exploded perspective view of a front-loading injector having a removable
10 face plate;

FIG. 2 is an assembled perspective view of the front-loading injector of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is an exploded perspective view of a front-loading injector and the first
embodiment of the adapter invention;

FIG. 4 is an assembled perspective view of the front-loading injector and the first
15 embodiment of the adapter invention;

FIG. 5 is an exploded view of the first embodiment of the adapter invention;

FIG. 6 is a front view of the first embodiment of the adapter invention in the opened
position;

FIG. 7 is a front view of the first embodiment of the adapter invention in the closed
20 position;

FIG. 8 is a side view of the first embodiment of the adapter invention in the closed
position;

FIG. 9 is a back view of the first embodiment of the adapter invention in the closed
position;

FIG. 10 is an exploded front perspective view of another embodiment of the adapter
25 invention;

FIG. 11 is an exploded back perspective view of the adapter invention of FIG. 10;

FIG. 12 is a perspective view of one embodiment of a piston extension of the adapter
invention;

FIG. 13 is a cross-sectional view of the piston extension of the adapter invention taken
30 along line 13-13 of FIG. 12;

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FIG. 14 is a perspective view of another embodiment of a piston extension of the adapter invention;

FIG. 15 is a cross-sectional view of the piston extension of the adapter invention taken along line 15-15 of FIG. 14 attached to an injector drive piston of an alternative configuration;
5 and

FIG. 16 is an exploded perspective view of an alternative injector head used in connection with the adapter embodiment shown in FIGS. 10 and 11.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

10 As more fully described in U.S. Patent No. 5,383,858, front-loading injectors have an injector head, including a front wall and an opening formed therein, and a drive member, such as a piston having a piston head, reciprocally mounted within the injector head and extendible through the injector head. In one embodiment of the present invention, as shown in FIGS. 1 and 2, the front-loading injector head 10 includes a front wall 12 and an opening 14 formed
15 therein, a drive member, such as piston 16 having a piston head 18, and an injector face plate 20 removeably mountable to front wall 12. Face plate 20 includes a releasable mounting mechanism, such as ears 22a and 22b (not shown), for attaching the face plate 20 to front wall 12. Specifically, ears 22a and 22b are inserted into opening recesses 14a and 14b, respectively, and face plate 20 is rotated 90 degrees such that ears 22a and 22b are engaged behind front
20 wall protrusions 12a and 12b. Similarly injector face plate 20 is removed from the injector head 10 by rotating the face plate 20 90 degrees in the opposite direction and then removing ears 22a and 22b from opening recesses 14a and 14b. A gasket 24 is positioned between face plate 20 and front wall 12. A removable pin 26 is provided to keep face plate 20 from rotating with respect to front wall 12. Pin 26 is inserted into pin holes 21 and 13 located in the face plate 20
25 and front wall 12, respectively, and includes recess 28 for receiving and retaining tubing (not shown) that may be connected to the syringe. Face plate 20 is configured to accept a front-loading syringe 30 having a plunger 32, as described in U.S. Patent No. 5,383,858.

FIGS. 3-9 show the details of one embodiment of the adapter 100 of the present invention which permits use of syringes of various types, sizes and configurations to be used
30 with a front-loading injector having a removable injector face plate 20. For example, a syringe 40 which may be used with the adapter 100 may include a body 42, a flange 44 disposed at the distal end of the body 42, and a plunger 46 reciprocally mounted within body 42. Plunger 46

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may also include internal screw threads (not shown) extending inwardly into the plunger 46 from the distal end of the plunger 46.

As shown in FIGS. 5-9, adapter 100 includes an adapter face plate 120 having a releasable mounting mechanism, such as ears 122a and 122b, for attaching the adapter face plate 120 to a front load injector 10. The operation of ears 122a and 122b of adapter face plate 120 with injector opening recesses 14a and 14b (shown in FIG. 3) is similar to that of ears 22a and 22b of injector face plate 20 with injector opening recesses 14a and 14b, as previously described. Gasket 24 is provided between adapter face plate 120 and the injector front wall 12. In one embodiment, a detent 125, shown in FIG. 9, is provided on the distal surface of ear 122b which cooperates with a groove (not shown) located in injector front wall protrusion 12b when the adapter face plate 120 is installed on injector front wall 12. The purpose of detent 125 and groove is to prohibit the operator from installing the adapter face plate 120 on the injector front wall 12 upside down.

Adapter 100 further includes a reducing sleeve 140 formed of a reducing base 160 and reducing edge 180 connected to the proximal surface of base 160. Edge 180 and base 160 cooperate to form a recess 190 for receiving the distal flange 44 of syringe 40. Reducing base 160 is secured within adapter face plate 120 and includes an opening 170 which permits forward and reverse movement of the injector piston 16 of injector 10. Reducing edge 180 is preferably made from a material having a low coefficient of friction to facilitate easy and smooth movement of the syringe attachment mechanism, such as locking pivot arms 220 and 240 pivotally attached to the proximal surface of edge 180, as described below.

In the present invention, the syringe attachment mechanism may include locking pivot arms 220 and 240 pivoting at points 260 and 280, respectively, to releasably engage syringe flange 44. In one embodiment, as shown in FIGS. 5 and 9, pivot points 260 and 280 comprise a gear link 270 formed of adjoining gears 262 and 282 which cooperate with one another to permit simultaneous movement of arms 220 and 240 when only one arm 220 or 240 is grasped by the operator to move the arms 220 and 240 into an opened or closed position. It is understood, however, that the adapter 100 can be designed such that pivot arms 220 and 240 operate independently of one another, that only one arm moves, or that the adapter 100 only has one pivot arm.

As shown in FIGS. 6 and 7, the inside surface of each pivot arm 220 and 240 includes first beveled surfaces 223 and 225, respectively, to permit reception of the syringe flange 44

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when pivot arms 220 and 240 are in an open position, as shown in FIG. 6, and second beveled surfaces 227 and 229, respectively, to engage the distal end of the syringe body 42 when the pivot arms 220 and 240 are in a closed position, as shown in FIG. 7, and as more fully described below. Pivot arms 220 and 240 also include arm extensions 222 and 242, respectively, which assist in gripping and moving the pivot arms 220 and 240 into closed and opened positions. Pivot arm ends opposite pivot points 260 and 280 are cammed to engage and lock around lock point 300 extending from reducing edge 180. Lock point 300 includes a gasket 302 which assists in locking pivot arms 220 and 240 in place. It is understood that the syringe attachment mechanism may be of any configuration depending on the type, size and configuration of the particular syringe desired to be attached to the injector head 10. For example, if a syringe of a reduced diameter included radially projecting flanges, as shown in U.S. Patent No. 5,383,858, the corresponding syringe attachment mechanism could be radially projecting retaining flanges, as shown in U.S. Patent No. 5,383,858, that engaged the radially projecting flanges of the syringe.

FIGS. 3, 12 and 13 further show that the adapter 100 includes a piston extension 320 provided for extending piston 16 for engagement with plunger 46 of syringe 40. This embodiment of the piston extension 320 includes means for joining the extension 320 to the base of the syringe plunger 46, such as screw threads 330 mateable with screw threads (not shown) formed at the distal end of the plunger 46. Piston extension 320 further includes protrusion 340 for attaching extension 320 to the piston head 18 via slot 19 located therein. Piston extensions of various diameters and lengths are used to permit use of syringes having various inner diameters and plunger locations. It is understood that alternative mechanisms can be designed to attach the piston extension to the injector drive piston and syringe plunger, depending on the configuration of the injector drive piston head and the particular syringe plunger.

Similar to the injector face plate 20 of FIGS. 1 and 2, adapter face plate 120 is provided with a removable pin 124 to prohibit adapter face plate 120 from rotating with respect to front wall 12. Pin 124 is inserted into pin holes 123 and 13 located in adapter face plate 120 and injector front wall 12, respectively. Pin 124 further includes recess 126 for receiving and retaining tubing (not shown) that may be connected to the syringe 40.

The adapter face plate 120 and injector head 10 may also include cooperating means for indicating to the injector head 10 that the adapter face plate 120 is properly attached to the

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injector head 10. Further, the cooperating means may also automatically calibrate the injector head 10 to adjust, for example, flow rate and pressure when an adapter face plate 120 is attached to the injector head 10. For example, as shown in FIG. 9, such cooperating means may include a plurality of magnetic points 340 through 350 at the distal surface of the adapter face plate 120. The injector head 10 includes two corresponding magnetic sensors 351 and 353, shown in FIG. 3, which recognize the presence of the magnetic points 344 and 346 when the adapter face plate 120 is properly attached. If magnetic sensors 351 and 353 do not sense magnetic points 344 and 346, or the magnetic points 340 through 350 are otherwise misaligned, the injector head 10 will not operate.

10 To use the adapter shown in FIGS. 3-9, injector face plate 20 of FIG. 1 is removed, as previously described, and the adapter face plate 120 is attached to the front wall 12 of injector 10 by inserting ears 122a and 122b into opening recesses 14a and 14b, and rotating adapter face plate 120 90 degrees, as previously described. Pin 124 is then inserted into aligned pin holes 123 and 13. Piston extension 320 corresponding to a particular syringe 40 is attached to
15 the injector piston 16 via protrusion 330 and slot 19. Pivot arms 220 and 240 are opened via arm extension 222 and 242 so that recess 190 of reducing sleeve 140 can receive the distal syringe flange 44. The plunger of the desired syringe 40 is then attached to the piston extension 320 via screw threads 330 such that the syringe flange 44 is received in recess 190. Once the syringe flange 44 is in place, pivot arms 220 and 240 are pivoted to a closed position,
20 locking against lock point 300 and gasket 302, thus securing syringe 40 to adapter 100. The reverse process is followed to remove the syringe from the adapter 100.

FIGS. 10 and 11 show another embodiment of the adapter 400. FIG. 10 is an exploded front view of the adapter 400 and FIG. 11 is an exploded back view of the adapter 400. In this embodiment, the injector head 10 does not include a removable face plate, as previously
25 described in FIGS. 1 and 2. Instead, injector head 10, as shown in FIG. 16, includes a syringe receiving port 500 configured with recesses 502a and 502b (not shown), and retaining flanges 504a and 504b (not shown) to receive a syringe having radially extending distal flanges, as described in U.S. Patent No. 5,383,858, or the adapter 400 of FIGS. 10 and 11. In particular, adapter 400 includes a reducing sleeve 140 attached to an adapter base 402 having ears 404a
30 and 404b which cooperate with recesses 502a and 502b, and retaining flanges 504a and 504b of the syringe receiving port 500, to permit easy attachment and removal of the adapter 400 to the front wall 12 of the injector head 10.

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If adapter 400 is properly attached to the syringe receiving port 500, detent 410 of ear 404b activates sensor 510 of the injector head 10, shown in FIG. 16, thus indicating to the injector head 10 that the adapter 400 is attached to the injector head 10. Activation of sensor 510 may also automatically calibrate the injector head to adjust, for example, flow rate and pressure.

When adapter 400 is not attached to the syringe receiving port 500, other sensors 512, 514, and 516 may be provided in injector head 10 to cooperate with syringe protrusions or detents when a syringe is inserted into the syringe receiving port 500 to indicate that the particular syringe is installed correctly and to identify its type, size and configuration.

Operation of these sensors, protrusions and detents is similar to the sensors, protrusions and detents described in U.S. Patent No. 5,383,858. Other adapter elements previously described with respect to FIGS. 3-9, particularly the syringe attachment mechanism, may be included in this embodiment.

Another embodiment of a piston extension 550, is shown in FIGS. 14 and 15. In this embodiment, the corresponding injector drive piston 600 includes a piston head 610 having an attachment flange 612 for insertion into a corresponding slot 570 located at a first end of the piston extension 550. Spring loaded pin 580 located within slot 572 engages recess 614 of the attachment flange 612 when the piston extension 550 is properly attached to the piston drive head 610, thus prohibiting the accidental dislodgment of the piston extension 550 from the piston drive head 610.

A second end of the piston extension includes means for securing the piston extension to the plunger, such as screw threads 560.

Although the syringe adapters of the invention have been described in detail for the purpose of illustration, it is to be understood that such detail is solely for that purpose and that variations can be made thereto by those skilled in the art without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.

WE CLAIM:

1. An adapter to permit the attachment of a syringe to an injector head, the injector head including an injector drive piston, an injector face plate readily attachable to and removable from a front wall of the injector head, and an opening formed in the injector face plate to permit the forward and rearward movement of the injector drive piston within the injector head, the syringe including a plunger disposed therein and a distal end, the adapter comprising:
 - an adapter face plate including
 - a readily releasable mounting mechanism for attaching and removing the adapter face plate to and from the front wall of the injector head after the injector face plate is removed, and
 - a syringe attachment mechanism.
2. The adapter of Claim 1 further comprising:
 - an opening formed in the adapter face plate to permit the forward and rearward movement of the injector drive piston; and
 - a piston extension readily attachable to and removable from the injector drive piston and the syringe plunger.
3. The adapter of Claim 1 further comprising:
 - means for securing the adapter face plate to the injector front wall after the adapter face plate is attached to the injector front wall.
4. The adapter of Claim 1 further comprising:
 - at least one signal generator to communicate with at least one sensor located in the injector head to indicate that the adapter face plate is attached to the injector head.
5. The adapter of Claim 1 further comprising:
 - at least one signal generator to communicate with at least one sensor located in the injector head to automatically calibrate at least one injector head operating parameter.

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6. The adapter of Claim 1 wherein the syringe attachment mechanism includes
a base for receiving the distal end of the syringe;
at least one arm attached to the base and movable from an opened position to a closed
position to disengage and engage the distal end of the syringe; and
5 a locking device extending from the base to secure the at least one arm in the closed
position after the syringe is received by the base.

7. The adapter of Claim 1 wherein the syringe attachment mechanism includes
a base for receiving the distal end of the syringe;
10 a pair of pivoting arms attached to the base by a gear mechanism, and movable from an
opened position to a closed position to disengage and engage the distal end of the syringe; and
a locking pin extending from the base to secure the pair of pivoting arms in the closed
position after the syringe is received by the base.

15 8. An adapter to permit the attachment of a syringe to an injector head, the injector
head including an injector drive piston, a front wall having an opening formed therein to permit
the forward and rearward movement of the injector drive piston within the injector head, the
syringe including a plunger disposed therein and a distal end, the adapter comprising:
an adapter base including
20 a readily releasable mounting mechanism for attaching and removing the adapter
base to and from the front wall of the injector head, and
a syringe attachment mechanism.

9. The adapter of Claim 8 further comprising:
25 an opening formed in the adapter base to permit the forward and rearward movement of
the injector drive piston; and
a piston extension readily attachable to and removable from the injector drive piston and
the syringe plunger.

30 10. The adapter of Claim 8 further comprising:
at least one signal generator to communicate with at least one sensor located in the
injector head to indicate that the adapter base is attached to the injector head.

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11. The adapter of Claim 8 further comprising:

at least one signal generator to communicate with at least one sensor located in the injector head to automatically calibrate at least one injector head operating parameter.

5

12. The adapter of Claim 8 wherein the adapter base receives the distal end of the syringe and the syringe attachment mechanism includes

at least one arm attached to the adapter base and movable from an opened position to a closed position to disengage and engage the distal end of the syringe; and

10 a locking device extending from the adapter base to secure the at least one arm in the closed position after the syringe is received by the adapter base.

13. The adapter of Claim 8 wherein adapter base receives the distal end of the syringe and the syringe attachment mechanism includes

15 a pair of pivoting arms attached to the adapter base by a gear mechanism, and movable from an opened position to a closed position to disengage and engage the distal end of the syringe; and

a locking pin extending from the adapter base to secure the pair of pivoting arms in the closed position after the syringe is received by the adapter base.

20

14. A syringe attachment system to permit the attachment of a plurality of syringes of various types, sizes and configurations to an injector head, the injector head including an injector drive piston, a front wall, and an opening formed in the front wall to permit the forward and rearward movement of the injector drive piston within the injector head, each of the plurality of syringes including a plunger disposed therein, the syringe attachment system comprising:

a plurality of adapter face plates each of which includes

a readily releasable mounting mechanism for attaching and removing the adapter face plate to and from the front wall of the injector head, and

30 a syringe attachment mechanism to permit the attachment of a syringe of a particular configuration.

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15. The system of Claim 14 wherein each of the plurality of adapter face plates further includes an opening formed therein to permit the forward and rearward movement of the injector drive piston when each adapter face plate is attached to the front wall of the injector; and wherein the system further comprises:

- 5 a plurality of piston extensions each of which is readily attachable to and removable from the injector drive piston and the plunger of a particular syringe.

16. The system of Claim 14 further comprising:

- 10 means for securing each adapter face plate to the injector front wall after the adapter face plate is attached to the injector front wall.

17. The system of Claim 14 wherein each of the plurality of adapter face plates further includes:

- 15 at least one signal generator to communicate with at least one sensor located in the injector head to indicate that the particular adapter face plate is attached to the injector head.

18. The system of Claim 14 wherein each of the plurality of adapter face plates further includes:

- 20 at least one signal generator to communicate with at least one sensor located in the injector head to automatically calibrate at least one injector head operating parameter.

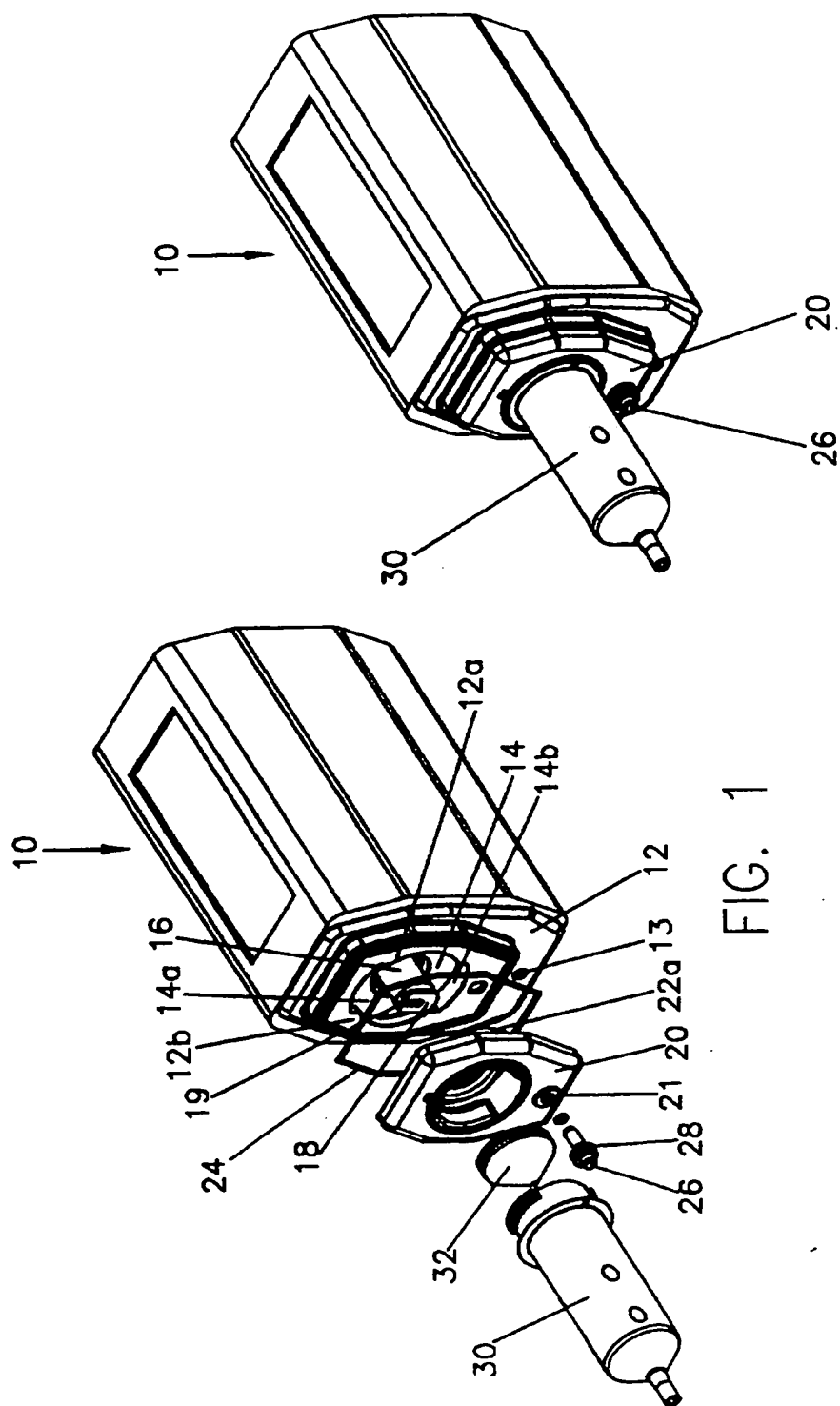
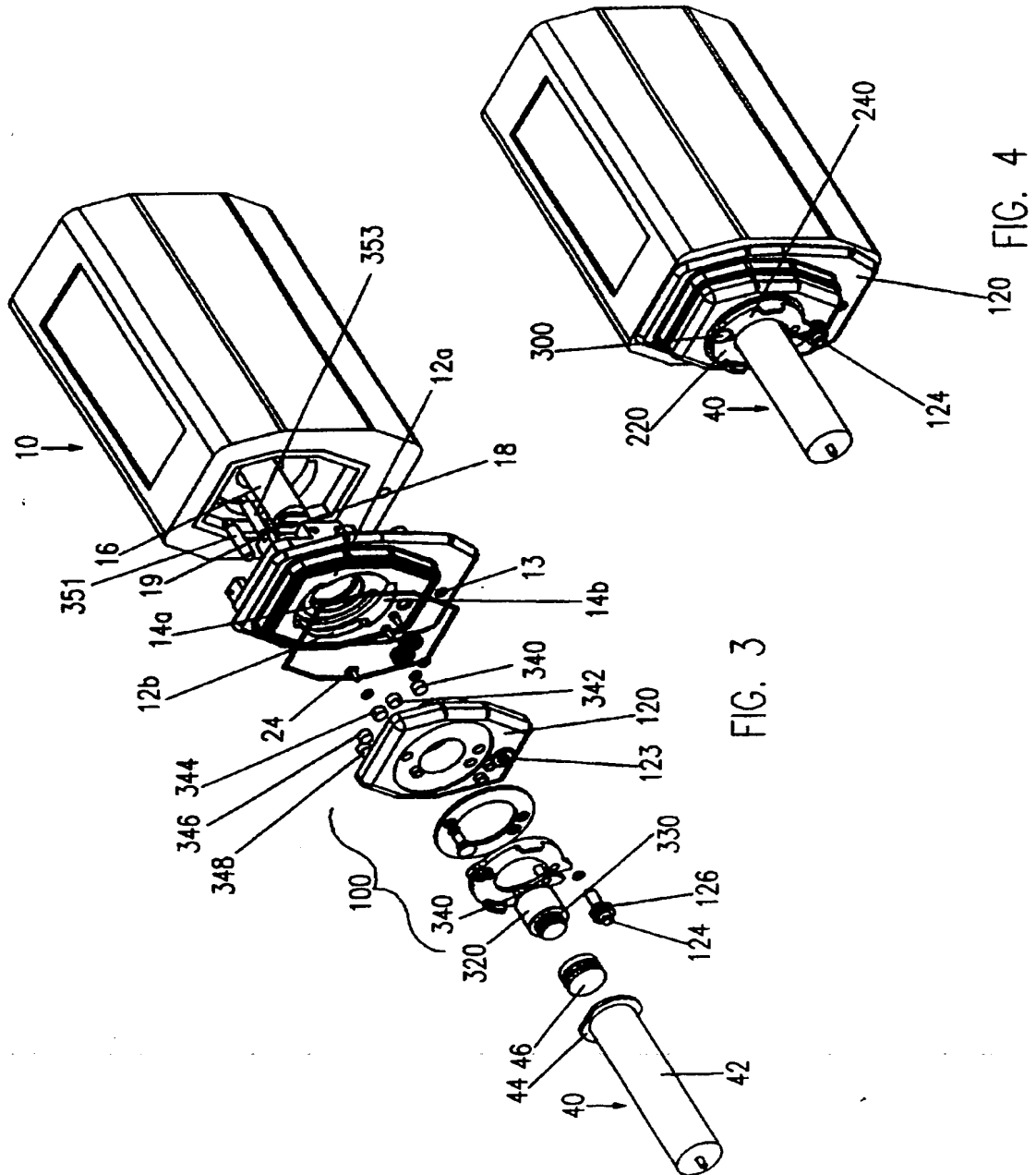
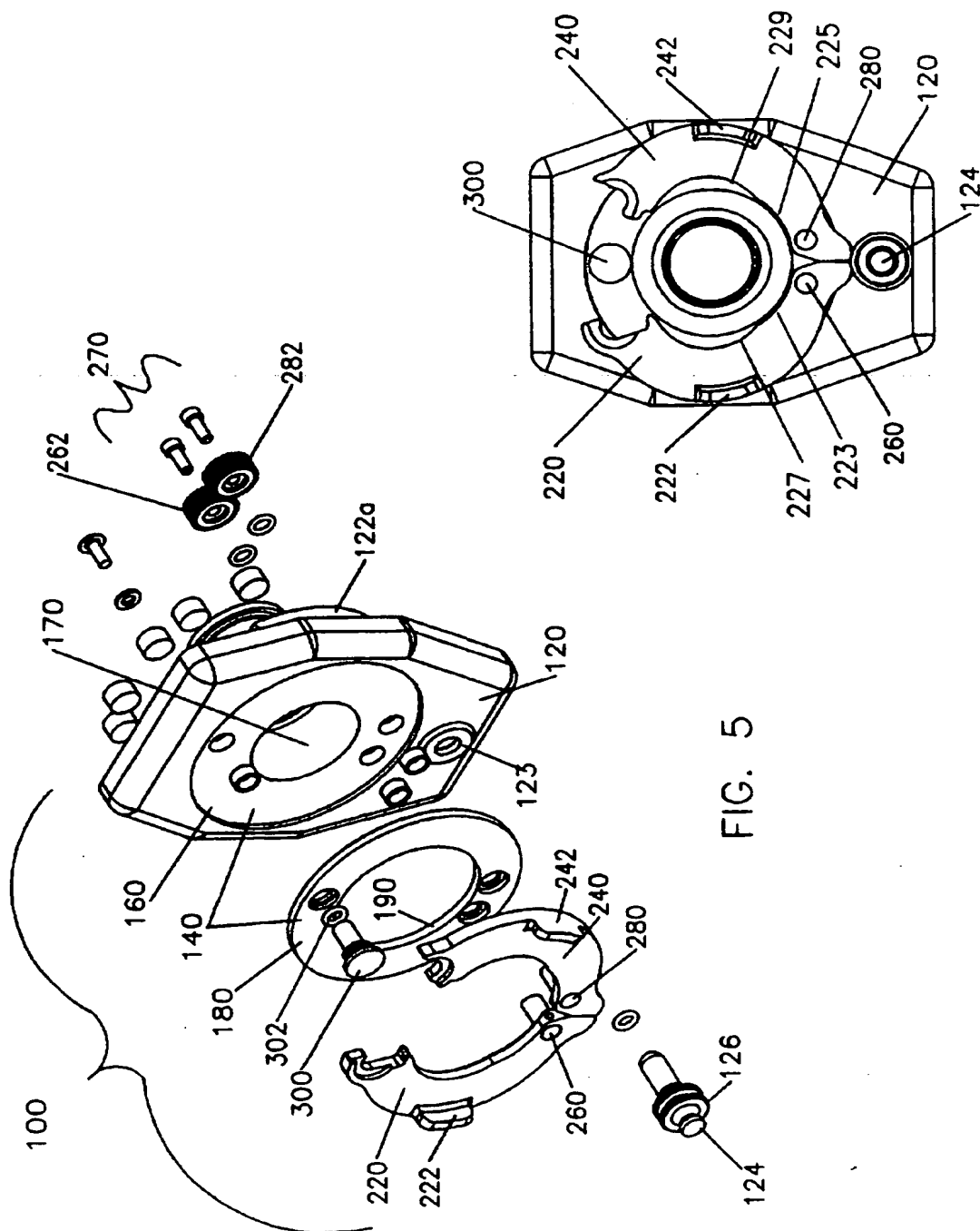


FIG. 2

FIG. 1





6. FC

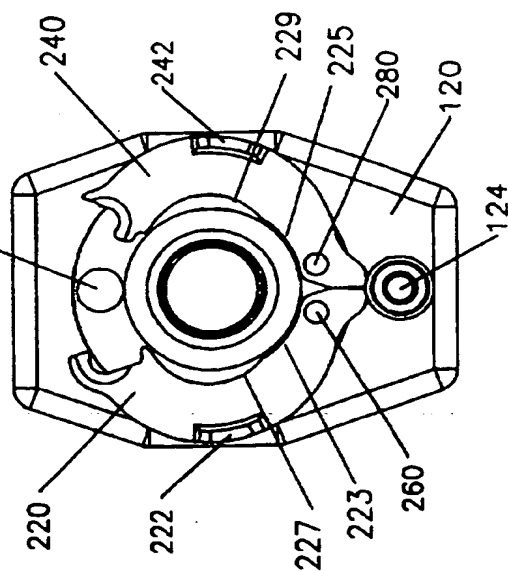


FIG. 5

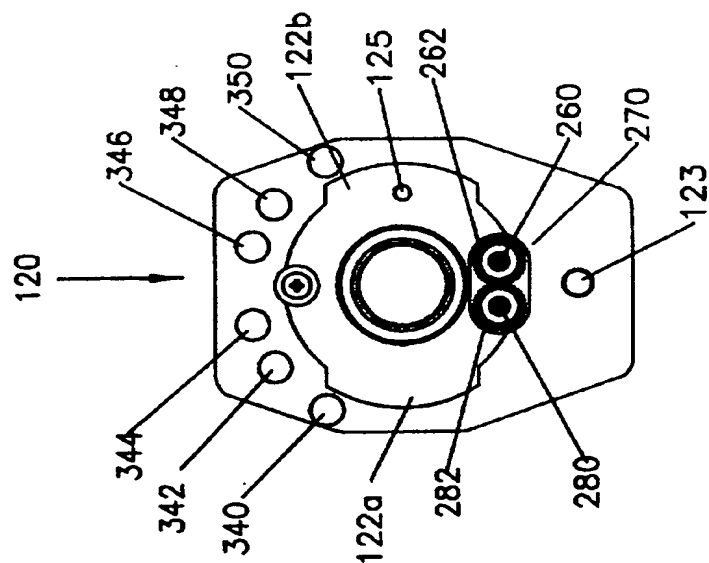


FIG. 7

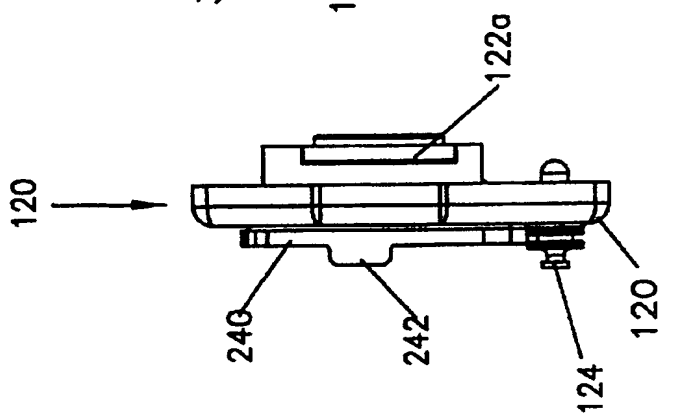


FIG. 8

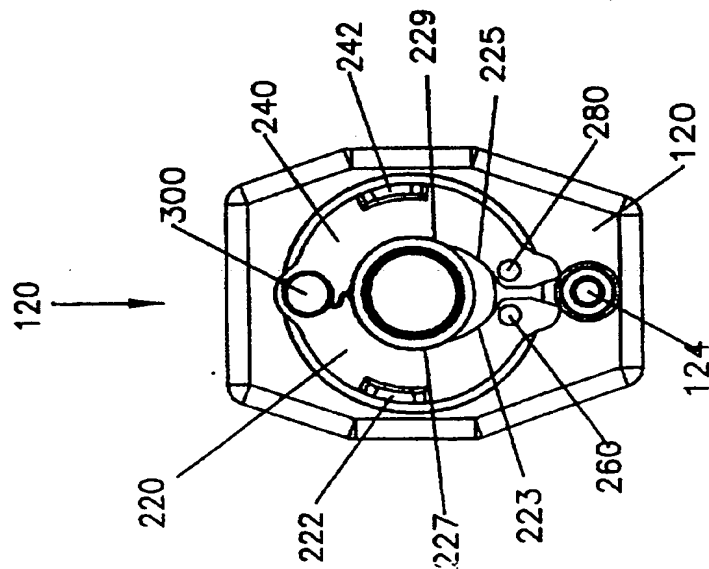


FIG. 9

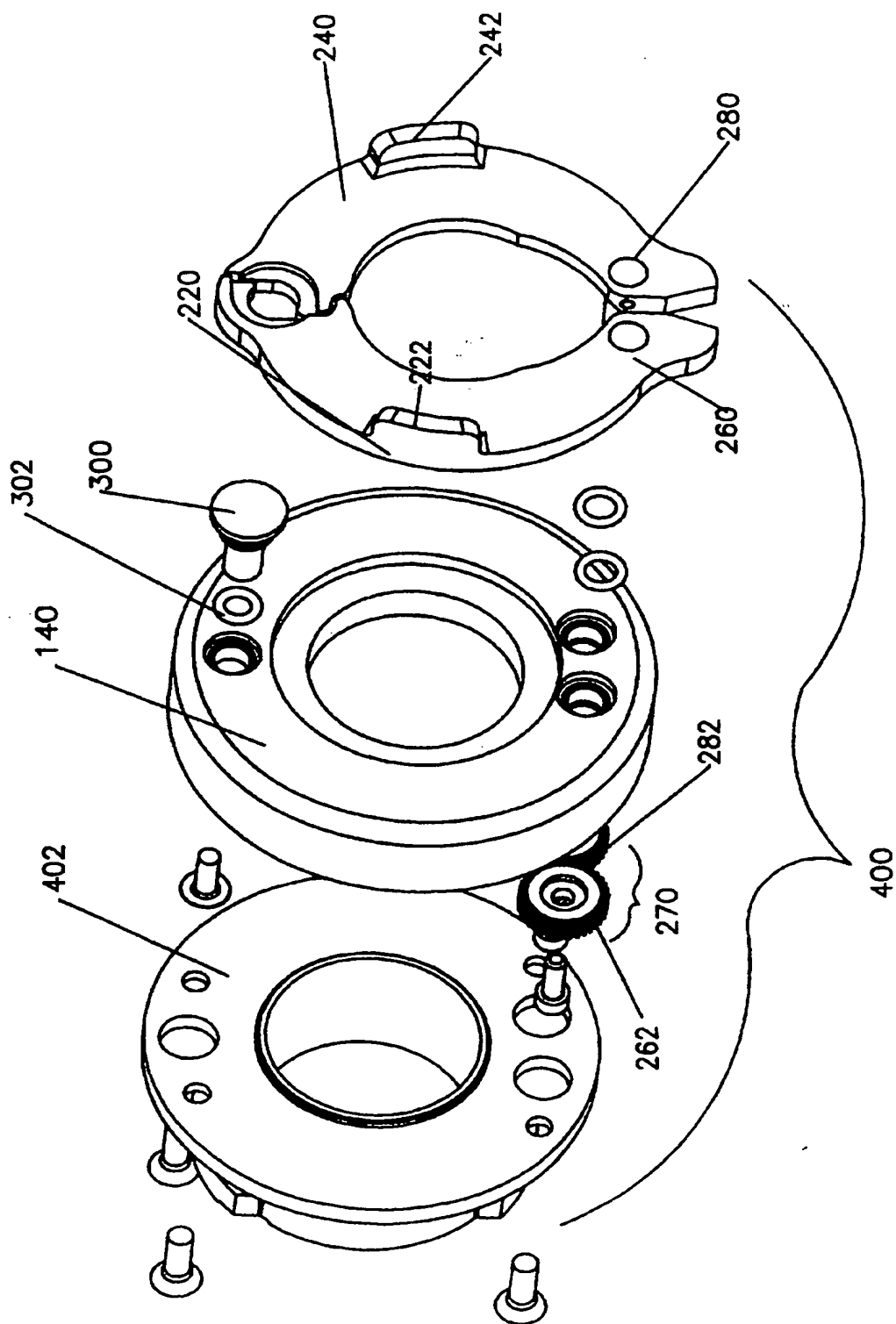


FIG. 10

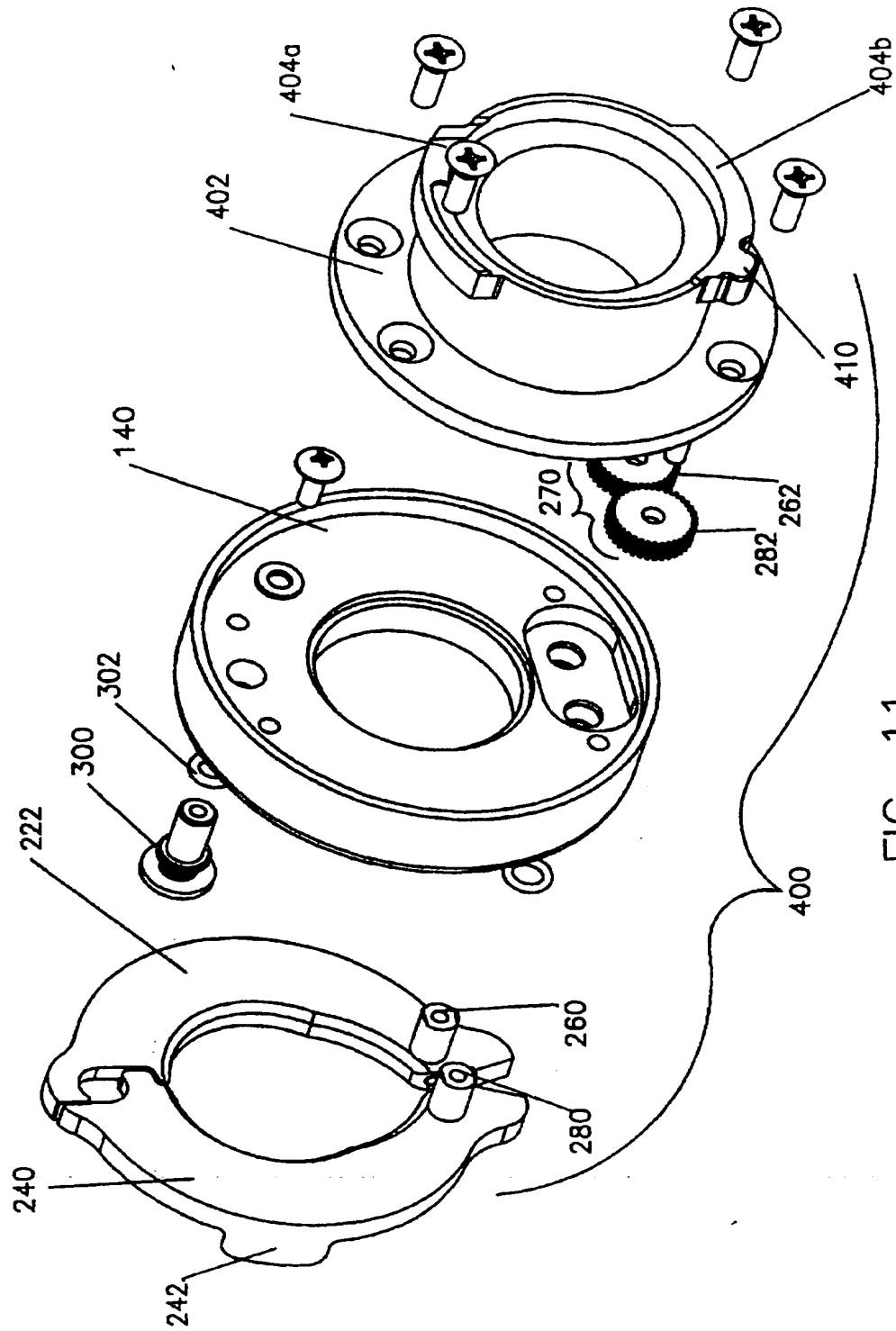


FIG. 11

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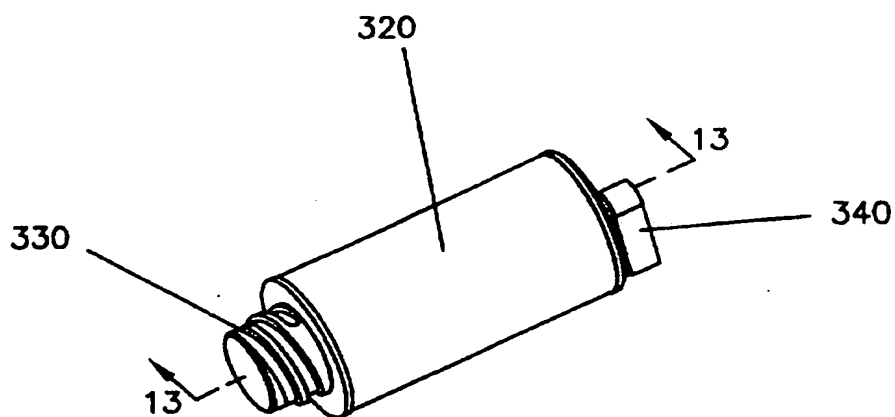


FIG. 12

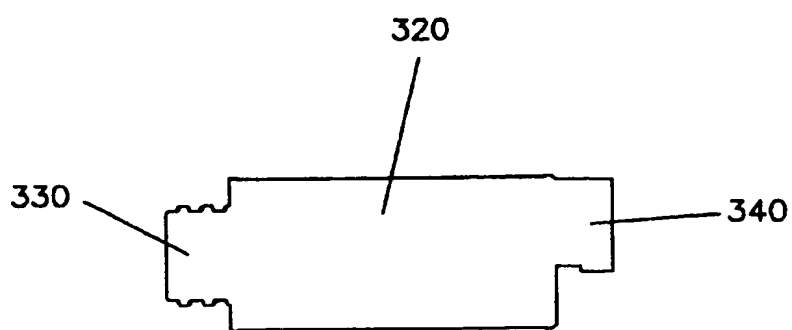


FIG. 13

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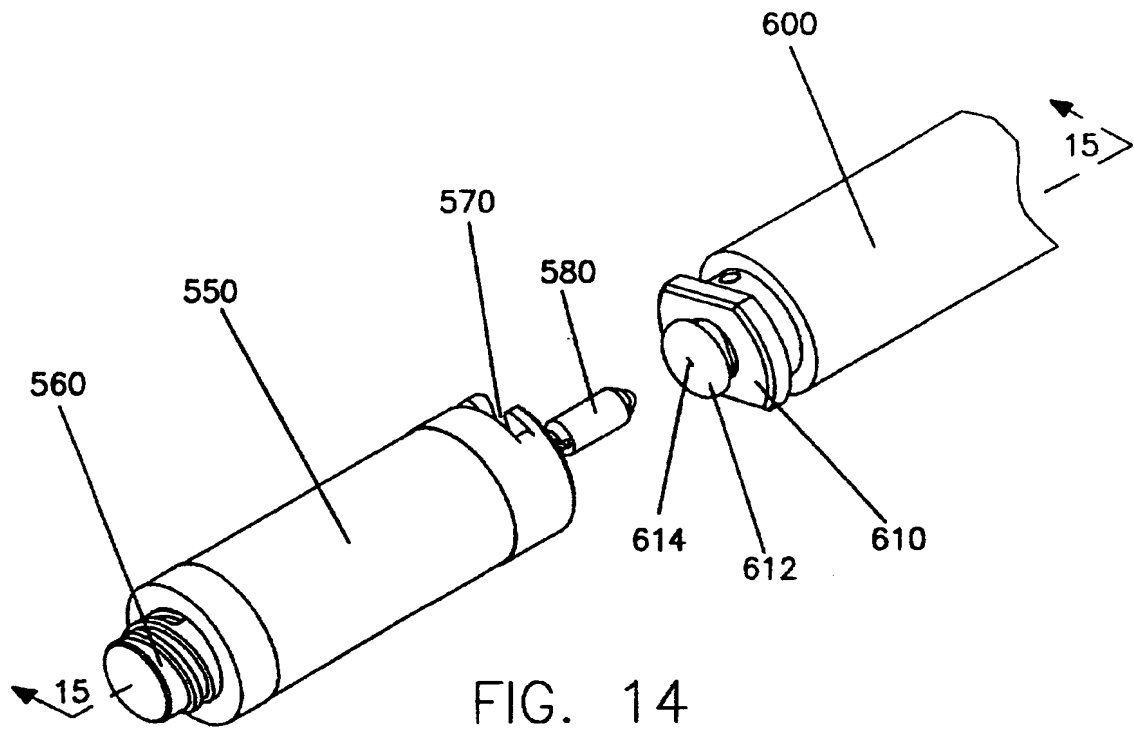


FIG. 14

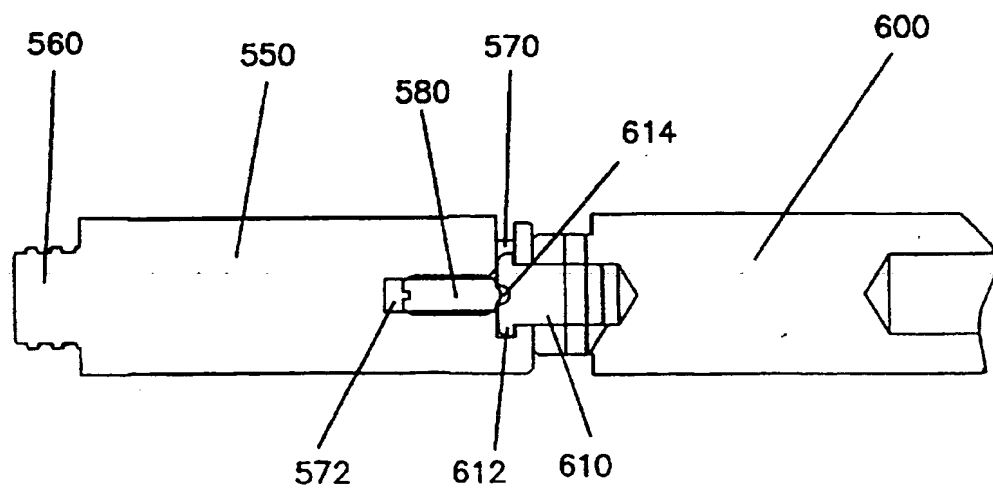


FIG. 15

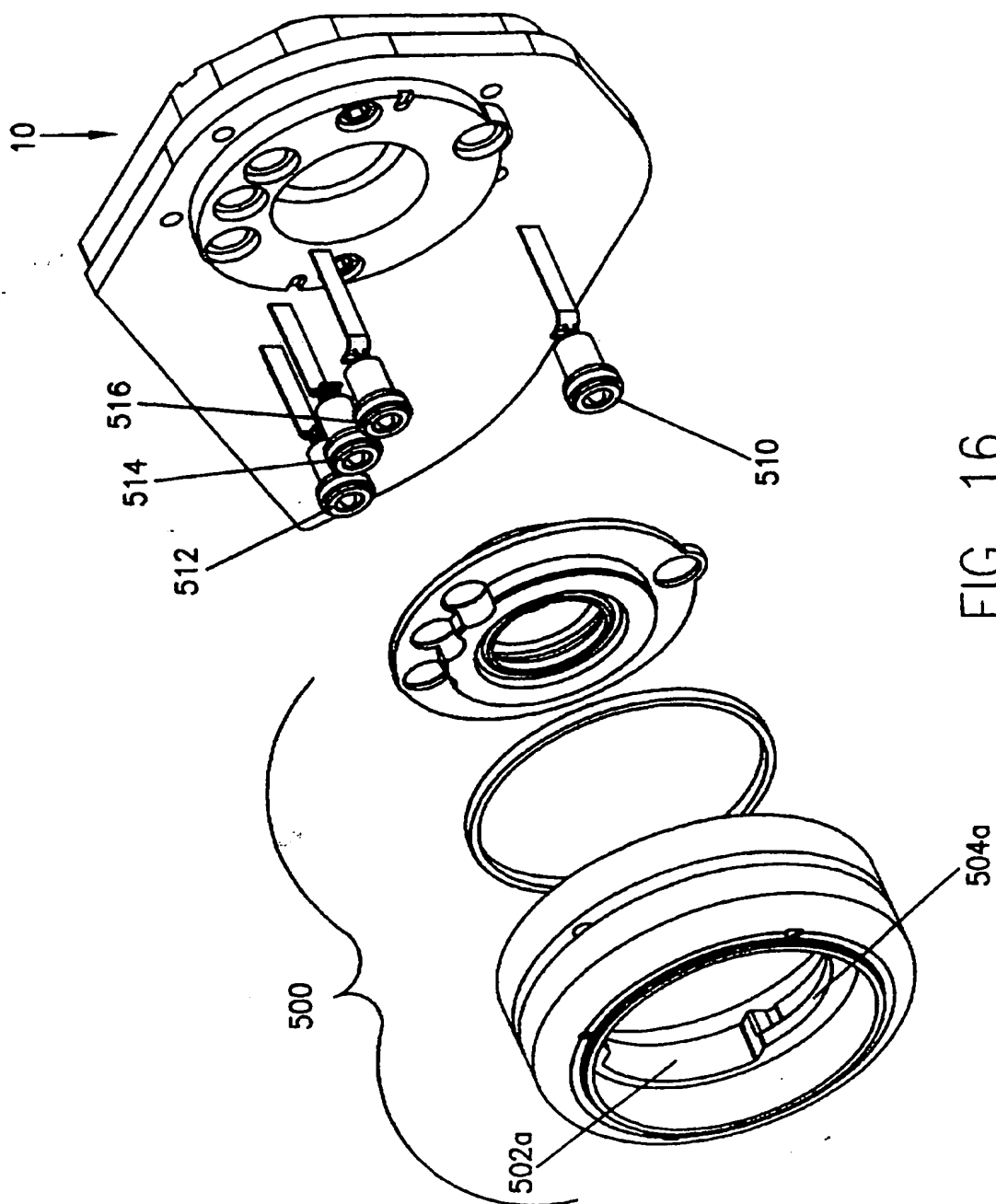


FIG. 16

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US97/05014

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(6) : A61M 37/00
US CL : 604/154
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 604/131, 140, 141, 143, 151, 152, 154

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 5,383,858 A (REILLY et al) 24 January-1995, entire reference.	1-18
X	US 5,300,031 A (NEER et al) 05 April 1994, entire reference.	1-18
A	US 4,342,312 A (WHITNEY et al) 03 August 1982, entire reference.	1-18
A	US 4,465,473 A (RUEGG) 14 August 1984, entire reference.	1-18

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☐ See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:	*T	later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
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P document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed		

Date of the actual completion of the international search
08 MAY 1997

Date of mailing of the international search report
05 JUN 1997

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